

## Qatar: Employed population (15 years and above) by nationality (Qatari/non-Qatari) and sex (2006-2022)

	Qataris			Non-Qataris			Total		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
2006	38,684	19,447	<b>58,131</b>	415,235	57,767	<b>473,002</b>	453,919	77,214	<b>531,133</b>
2007	40,322	21,223	<b>61,545</b>	686,430	79,608	<b>766,038</b>	726,752	100,831	<b>827,583</b>
2008	42,770	24,815	<b>67,585</b>	1,002,388	97,928	<b>1,100,316</b>	1,045,158	122,743	<b>1,167,901</b>
2009	45,242	25,402	<b>70,644</b>	1,092,844	97,983	<b>1,190,827</b>	1,138,086	123,385	<b>1,261,471</b>
2010*	46,168	24,908	<b>71,076</b>	1,070,973	128,134	<b>1,199,107</b>	1,117,141	153,042	<b>1,270,183</b>
2011	49,228	25,145	<b>74,373</b>	1,068,083	127,789	<b>1,195,872</b>	1,117,311	152,934	<b>1,270,245</b>
2012	55,609	26,992	<b>82,601</b>	1,117,577	140,404	<b>1,257,981</b>	1,173,186	167,396	<b>1,340,582</b>
2013	60,877	30,256	<b>91,133</b>	1,284,838	163,169	<b>1,448,007</b>	1,345,715	193,425	<b>1,539,140</b>
2014	62,202	31,282	<b>93,484</b>	1,419,940	173,247	<b>1,593,187</b>	1,482,142	204,529	<b>1,686,671</b>
2015	64,101	34,322	<b>98,423</b>	1,628,620	226,395	<b>1,855,015</b>	1,692,721	260,717	<b>1,953,438</b>
2016	65,023	36,394	<b>101,417</b>	1,716,529	234,467	<b>1,950,996</b>	1,781,552	270,861	<b>2,052,413</b>
2017	66,859	37,057	<b>103,916</b>	1,711,444	238,827	<b>1,950,271</b>	1,778,303	275,884	<b>2,054,187</b>
2018	67,610	38,428	<b>106,038</b>	1,742,169	246,159	<b>1,988,328</b>	1,809,779	284,587	<b>2,094,366</b>
2019	68,210	39,277	<b>107,487</b>	1,754,752	245,462	<b>2,000,214</b>	1,822,962	284,739	<b>2,107,701</b>
2020	70,047	40,238	<b>110,285</b>	1,765,660	252,821	<b>2,018,481</b>	1,835,707	293,059	<b>2,128,766</b>
2021	70,247	45,191	<b>115,438</b>	1,643,097	262,632	<b>1,905,729</b>	1,713,344	307,823	<b>2,021,167</b>
2022	72,086	48,684	<b>120,770</b>	1,705,016	304,103	<b>2,009,119</b>	1,777,102	352,787	<b>2,129,889</b>

Source: Labour Force Sample Surveys, 2006 to 2009 and 2011 to 2022; \*: census 2010

### ANNEXED NOTE

#### 1. Technical Notes and Definitions

##### Censuses:

Reference period for census 2015: the night of 20 to 21 April 2015.

Reference period for census 2010: the night of 20 to 21 April 2010.

Reference period for census 2020: December 2020 (administrative records-based census).

**Population of reference:** all individuals (nationals and non-nationals) present within the State's borders during time of reference, including in labour camps.

**Labour force Sample Surveys:**

The Statistics Authority conducted the first labour Force Sample Survey in 2001. Starting from 2006, the execution of these surveys came to be on annual basis. Since 2013, data has been collected on a monthly basis and published every 3 months.

Labour Force Sample Surveys	Sampling frame	Sample size		Reference period/periodicity of data collection
		House-holds	individuals	
	based on independent samples drawn from distinct frames of specially constructed PSUs			
2006		5,492	31,439	March 2006
2007	nd	5,492	31,439	October 2007
2008	nd	6,104	nd	December 2008
2009	nd	6,109	35,839	October 2009
2011	nd	6,920	35,839	March 2011
2012	Census 2010	6,895	37,629	April 2012
2013	Census 2010 c. 7000		n.d.	Monthly
2014	Census 2010	8,351	53,363	Monthly
2015	Census 2010	6,953	44,756	Monthly
2016	Census 2010	9,199	60,016	Monthly
2017	Census 2015	9,200	60,278	Monthly
2018	Census 2015	9,200	60,238	Monthly
2019	Census 2015	8,445	54,948	Monthly
2020	Census 2015	9,200	60,024	Monthly
2021	Census 2015	9,200	59,997	Monthly
2022	Census 2020	10,560	65,253	Monthly

**Reference period for the labour force data:** the week prior to the reference date for data collection.

**Population of reference:** sample of Qatari and non-Qatari households of the following types: i. Qatari households; ii. Non-Qatari households; iii. Small collective households or labour gatherings; iv. Large collective households or labour gatherings, present in Qatar on the night of survey/ periods of reference.

The collective households are a group of persons not related to each other and sharing living conditions in a residential unit, i.e. labour camps, students living in boarding schools, nurses in hospitals... etc. The survey covered the small collective households (includes less than 7 persons) and large collective households (includes 7 persons or more).

The survey did not cover short periods accommodation, i.e. hotels.

### **Employed population:**

Persons aged 15 years and above, who during the week preceding the survey:

1. a) Perform a work for a wage, salary, profits or household gains, whether it was in cash or in kind.
2. b) Are temporarily not employed, however, they still have an official relation with their work

### **2. Institution which provides data**

Planning and Statistics Authority (PSA)

<https://www.psa.gov.qa/en/Pages/default.aspx>

### **3. Data availability**

Labour Force Surveys (annual and quarterly reports) and earlier labour-related data can be downloaded from PSA's website, in PDF and Excel formats:

<https://www.psa.gov.qa/en/statistics1/pages/topicslisting.aspx?parent=Social&child=LaborForce>

**Last date of access:** October 2023.

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