

Qatar: Economically active population aged 15 and above by nationality (Qatari/ non-Qatari), sex and age group (2017)

	Qatari			Non-Qatari			Total		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
15 – 19	2,844	84	2,928	4,064	917	4,981	6,908	1,001	7,909
20 – 24	10,745	5,408	16,153	177,155	33,124	210,279	187,900	38,532	226,432
25 – 29	12,112	7,029	19,141	312,935	39,341	352,276	325,047	46,370	371,417
30 – 34	9,739	9,241	18,980	371,443	59,278	430,721	381,182	68,519	449,701
35 – 39	8,012	4,257	12,269	296,271	49,527	345,798	304,283	53,784	358,067
40 – 44	7,270	5,420	12,690	218,057	33,283	251,340	225,327	38,703	264,030
45 – 49	5,869	2,817	8,686	153,937	11,672	165,609	159,806	14,489	174,295
50 – 54	6,655	1,862	8,517	94,734	6,277	101,011	101,389	8,139	109,528
55 – 59	2,002	672	2,674	53,927	3,932	57,859	55,929	4,604	60,533
60 – 64	1,233	154	1,387	22,189	1,150	23,339	23,422	1,304	24,726
65 +	406	113	519	6,858	487	7,345	7,264	600	7,864
Total	66,887	37,057	103,944	1,711,570	238,988	1,950,558	1,778,457	276,045	2,054,502

Source: Annual Bulletin of Labour Force Sample Survey 2017

ANNEXED NOTE

1. Technical Notes and Definitions

The data is taken from 2017 Labour Force Survey (yearly synthesis)

Sampling frame of LFS 2017: Population Census 2015.

Sample size: 60,278 persons, in 9,200 households: 1- Qatari households; 2- Non-Qatari regular (non-collective) households; 3- Non-Qatari small collective households or labour gatherings (2 – 6 persons); 4- Non-Qatari large collective households or large labour gatherings (7 persons or more).

Data Collection: The sample was divided into equal parts to collect data monthly. Each month 1/3 of the quarterly data were collected during the first two weeks of the month.

Reference period for the labour force data: the week prior to data collection day.

Population of reference: all Qatari and non-Qatari households present in Qatar on the night of survey, living in normal and collective households. The collective households are a group of persons not related to each other and sharing living conditions in a residential unit, I.e. labour camps, students living boarding schools, nurses in hospitals... etc. The survey covered the small collective households (includes less than 7 persons) and large collective households (includes 7 persons or more).

The survey did not cover short periods accommodation, i.e. hotels.

The present data includes active population, i.e. employed and unemployed. It does not include persons seeking work for the first time

Relation to labour force (for persons aged 15 and above)

In the labour force (= economically active).

1) Employed.

All persons aged 15 years and above, who during the week preceding the survey:

- a) Perform a work for a wage, salary, profits or household gains, whether it was in cash or in kind.
- b) Are temporarily not employed, however, they still have an official relation with their work

2) Unemployed.

All persons aged 15 years and over who were, during the week preceding the survey, without employment, willing to work and looking seriously for a job. There is a distinction between two kinds of unemployed persons:

- a) First time unemployed: They are the persons who never worked previously, and were during the week preceding the survey looking actively for work.
- b) Unemployed who previously worked: They are the persons with a work experience, who during the week preceding the survey were actively looking for a job

2. Institution which provides data

Ministry of Development Planning and Statistics
(<http://www.mdps.gov.qa/en/pages/default.aspx>)

3. Data availability

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The Statistics Authority conducted the first labour Force Sample Survey in 2001. After 2006, surveys were conducted on an annual basis. After 2013, LFS surveys were conducted on a quarterly basis.

Labour Force Surveys (yearly and quarterly data) can be downloaded from MDPS's website, in PDF and Excel format:

<http://www.mdps.gov.qa/en/statistics1/pages/topicslisting.aspx?parent=Social&child=LaborForce>

Last date of access: January 2019.