

# Population by nationality (Kuwaiti/ non-Kuwaiti) and sex, 1990-2014

Year	Kuwaitis			Non-Kuwaitis			Total		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1990	286,299	292,212	<b>578,511</b>	944,585	628,584	<b>1,573,169</b>	1,230,884	920,796	<b>2,151,680</b>
1993	325,892	331,601	<b>657,493</b>	682,161	305,973	<b>988,134</b>	1,008,053	637,574	<b>1,645,627</b>
1995	351,314	356,801	<b>708,115</b>	841,320	409,359	<b>1,250,679</b>	1,192,634	766,160	<b>1,958,794</b>
1996	363,476	368,927	<b>732,403</b>	914,327	447,159	<b>1,361,486</b>	1,277,803	816,086	<b>2,093,889</b>
1998	388,687	397,323	<b>786,010</b>	1,002,718	482,137	<b>1,484,855</b>	1,391,405	879,460	<b>2,270,865</b>
1999	401,433	410,822	<b>812,255</b>	970,865	471,834	<b>1,442,699</b>	1,372,298	882,656	<b>2,254,954</b>
2000	415,613	426,177	<b>841,790</b>	927,023	448,445	<b>1,375,468</b>	1,342,636	874,622	<b>2,217,258</b>
2001	429,209	441,074	<b>870,283</b>	960,390	478,429	<b>1,438,819</b>	1,389,599	919,503	<b>2,309,102</b>
2002	442,310	455,975	<b>898,285</b>	1,020,913	500,730	<b>1,521,643</b>	1,463,223	956,705	<b>2,419,928</b>
2003	456,226	471,460	<b>927,686</b>	1,098,878	520,120	<b>1,618,998</b>	1,555,104	991,580	<b>2,546,684</b>
2004	469,327	486,907	<b>956,234</b>	1,240,267	557,155	<b>1,797,422</b>	1,709,594	1,044,062	<b>2,753,656</b>
2005	486,089	506,128	<b>992,217</b>	1,391,322	607,650	<b>1,998,972</b>	1,877,411	1,113,778	<b>2,991,189</b>
2006	501,148	522,168	<b>1,023,316</b>	1,510,818	648,826	<b>2,159,644</b>	2,011,966	1,170,994	<b>3,182,960</b>
2007	516,631	537,966	<b>1,054,597</b>	1,615,273	729,767	<b>2,345,040</b>	2,131,904	1,267,733	<b>3,399,637</b>
2008	532,566	554,985	<b>1,087,551</b>	1,618,766	735,496	<b>2,354,262</b>	2,151,332	1,290,481	<b>3,441,813</b>
2009	548,290	570,620	<b>1,118,910</b>	1,591,935	774,036	<b>2,365,971</b>	2,140,225	1,344,656	<b>3,484,881</b>
2010	563,631	584,712	<b>1,148,343</b>	1,586,716	846,995	<b>2,433,711</b>	2,150,347	1,431,707	<b>3,582,054</b>
2011	580,558	602,616	<b>1,183,174</b>	1,641,135	872,983	<b>2,514,118</b>	2,221,693	1,475,599	<b>3,697,292</b>
2012	595,365	617,071	<b>1,212,436</b>	1,705,468	905,824	<b>2,611,292</b>	2,300,833	1,522,895	<b>3,823,728</b>
2013	610,545	631,954	<b>1,242,499</b>	1,772,413	950,232	<b>2,722,645</b>	2,382,958	1,582,186	<b>3,965,144</b>
2014	626,256	649,601	<b>1,275,857</b>	1,855,279	960,857	<b>2,816,136</b>	2,481,535	1,610,458	<b>4,091,993</b>

Source: PACI

## ANNEXED NOTE

### 1. Characteristics of data and definitions

The source of data used here is the Public Authority for Civil Information (PACI), an independent government body in charge of :

- 1- centralising all population and labour force data in order to manage a fully computerised population register
- 2- issuing mandatory civil identification cards to every resident of the country, regardless of age and nationality.

The other source of demographic and socioeconomic data on Kuwait is the Central Statistical Office (CSO), operating within the Planning Ministry. The CSO has conducted ten population and housing censuses since its inception in 1957.

Since 1995 a marked discrepancy was witnessed between PACI' and CSO' population figures. PACI' database is connected electronically with other administrations and bodies registering demographic events and professional/residency issues (births and death; departures and arrivals; end of service, residency and ID deliveries, etc.).

PACI's records of residents' movements is thus regularly updated, which limits the risk of population overcount. Therefore, it is more likely that residents were undercounted during CSO- Ministry of Planning's census operations (see: Shah, N. Population of Kuwait. Structure and Dynamics,

Kuwait: Kuwait University Academic Publication Council, 2010, chapter 1).

(a) Kuwaiti: the Kuwaiti nationality rests upon a document of Kuwaiti nationality or a certificate proving Kuwaiti nationality issued by the Ministry of Interior of Kuwait.

(b) Non-Kuwaiti: his/ her nationality is determined by the name of the State which issued the passport. The foreign national also entered Kuwait legally and has a stamp of residence.

This category includes the Bidoon, a category of stateless persons living in the Emirate. Kuwait's Bidoon population originates from three broad categories:

1) those whose ancestors failed to apply for nationality or lacked necessary documentation at the time of Kuwait's independence in 1961;

2) those recruited to work in Kuwait's army or police force during the 1960s who permanently settled in Kuwait, along with their families;

3) children of Kuwaiti mothers and stateless or foreign fathers (see Human Rights Watch. Prisoners of the Past. Kuwaiti Bidun and the Burden of Statelessness, June 2011, p. 3).

(The children of Kuwaiti mothers and non-Kuwaiti fathers (with specific nationality) inherit the father's nationality. They are stateless if the father is stateless).

## **2. Institution which provides data**

The Public Authority for Civil Information (PACI)

## **3. Period of data coverage: 31 December, given years**

The database is updated three times a year and the website presents only the most recent data.

## **4. Data availability**

The statistics section of PACI's website (<http://www.paci.gov.kw/en/> (English); <http://www.paci.gov.kw/> (Arabic)) provides population and socio-economic data broken down by nationality (Kuwaiti/ non-Kuwaiti). Some data are displayed by nationality groups.

Analytical tables and data crosstabulations are available for download in PDF, html, .png and Excel (.csv) formats.

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