

Kuwait: Residence permits by purpose and type of permits (2015-2022)

Purpose of permits	Reference number of permits	Type of permits	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	17	Governmental sector permits	107,710	109,714	110,245	107,657	105,970	100,189	96,803	97,880
work	18	Private sector permits	1,293,578	1,373,378	1,442,608	1,531,234	1,547,205	1,384,336	1,248,735	1,414,443
	19	Business	383	369	359	360	354	358	601	773
	20	Domestic work	651,386	666,422	677,592	707,061	731,376	667,350	591,368	753,165
	22	Dependent permits	536,326	544,150	540,904	541,630	541,830	525,659	499,537	520,654
residence	23	Study	630	865	861	869	814	684	508	632
	24	Self-residence permits	2,263	2,297	2,386	2,444	2,440	2,456	2,572	2,352
Total residencies 1 year and more			2,592,276	2,697,195	2,774,955	2,891,255	2,929,989	2,681,032	2,440,124	2,789,899
Temporary residence	14	Temporary residence	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	70,624	65,407	80,177	48,714
Total residencies			n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	3,000,613	2,746,439	2,520,301	2,838,613

Source: Central Statistical Bureau, Migration Statistics Bulletin, given years.

ANNEXED NOTE

1. Definitions

Ministry of Interior's (Directorate of Migration's) annual records of residency permits granted to foreign residents by type/ purpose of permit, sex and regional origin of holder.

Data presented in the table are stock data: all the non-national residents holding a residence permit on December 31st, the given year.

The present figures include permits delivered for all purposes of stay in Kuwait:

1- Labour in all sectors: governmental sector (n°17); private sector (n°18); business (freelance) (n°19) and domestic sector (n°20)

2- Residence: as family dependent (permit n°22); studies (n°23) and self-residence (n°24).

Residency procedures do not apply to GCC nationals and to Bidouns (stateless

residents of Kuwait).

The table thus excludes the Bidouns, the non-Kuwaiti GCC citizens and those in irregular situation.

The number of holders of permit n°14 (temporary residents) is not available before 2019.

Dependent permit: spouse, children or elderly dependent relatives can join visa holder (sponsor) in Kuwait, if the expatriate has obtained a residency and meets the salary requirements.

A working wife cannot sponsor her husband as a dependent. Sons over the age of 21 years cannot be sponsored as dependents, though adult daughters and parents may be permitted. Dependent family members are not allowed to work on a Dependent Visa.

Every foreign resident including new-born babies must hold a residency permit.

Self-residence permit: Expatriates may sponsor themselves under article 24 of the regulations and obtain a residence for two to five years under several conditions, among which: being aged 60 and more, having worked no less than 25 years in Kuwait, owning a capital of 10,000 KD at least; holding a certificate of good conduct, effectively reside in Kuwait, etc.

This form of residence can be renewed upon expiry. Self-sponsored expatriates may sponsor their wives and children.

Permits 17, 18, 19 and 20 are only granted after Ministry of Labour issues a work permit.

2. Institution which provides data

Central Statistical Bureau (CSB), Ministry of Planning.

3. Period of data coverage

December 31st, given years.

4. Data availability

The present data is taken from the "Migration Statistics" reports, published annually by the CSB.

The report (in Arabic and English, PDF format with Excel tables) is available on CSB's website

(Population Statistics, then Migration Statistics)

https://www.csb.gov.kw/Pages/Statistics_en?ID=56&ParentCatID=1

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Keywords: Kuwait, Foreign Population, Employment, Legal Document, Residence Conditions, Family Reunification